

The Saint Paul Press.

SAINT PAUL, MAY 22, 1866.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

LAWYERS & LIEUTENANTS.
Col. Lemuel of the famous Michigan battery, it is reported, will be appointed Collector of Internal Revenue at Detroit.

Lake captains say one of the severest gales they have ever experienced on Lake Michigan struck their vessels on Tuesday night. Many vessels were driven into Milwaukee and other harbors.

—There appears to be some difficulty in the way of electing a United States senator in Minnesota. The election was suspended when the votes cast by the miners from that city to the Park Pavilion. It will be 22 feet long, 12 feet diameter at the brach, and will weigh 50 tons. When completed it will stand on an elevated carriage, weighing eight tons, and will be accompanied by ornate stands or bals, shells and cartridges. The cost of this monster will be \$10,000. It is expected to be erected in time to last one, and tourists may go to see it now.

Rev. Theodore Clapp, a native of Massachusetts, and for many years a Unitarian preacher in New Orleans, died at Louisville on the 17th.

—Small news is passing fearfully at Maysville. There have been 22 deaths in the town this week.

—Gen. Spangler is thinking of resigning his office of Adjutant General and accepting the presidency of a New York insurance Company.

—About 1,000 acres of timber have been consumed in the fires in Massachussetts, chiefly in the towns of Sandwich and Monomoy. One dwelling house was consumed. The fire has stopped spreading, but the loss is estimated at \$50,000.

—The Republican candidate for Mayor of Waukesha, Wis., was elected on the 17th by 121 majority.

—Gov. Lyons, of Idaho, writes to the Commissioner of Indian Affairs that sixteen friendly Indians were murdered on March 15, that number being added to the 17 that month. The Indians were shot by soldiers of the 1st Cavalry, a party of officers of his country. They were invited to commit the deed by an article published in the Idaho Statesman, urging the annihilation of the Indian race.

—John Patterson, an old resident and banker of Nashville, has been led into jail in consequence of implications with the conspirators in the recent time previous to Mr. Lincoln's assassination.

—The 17th was observed in Nashville as a day of fasting and prayer, by proclamation of the Mayor, in accordance with the previously published accounts that the President had ordered the day to be observed, on account of the near approach of the cholera. Late in the afternoon it was discovered that no such day had been thus designated by the President.

—Among the divorces granted during the last term of the New York Supreme Court was one against Fitch Hale, widow of the deceased, to his wife, Rosalie D. Ludlow. The defendant is a well-known literary man and contractor to magazines. He was married to her in 1849, and she died in 1859, and is charged by the plaintiff with adultery with a Mrs. Lovell, whom he wedded shortly after her husband's death.

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MURDER WILL OUT.
The Body of the Missing Man Found.

From the "Daily Herald," May 18th.

Some time since we published an account of the mysterious disappearance, and probable murder, of Mr. Wheeler, residing on the Chippewa river, some miles from the city. The Sun, however, instead of promptly doing so, as was expected, has postponed action for two weeks.

—Lake captains say one of the severest gales they have ever experienced on Lake Michigan struck their vessels on Tuesday night. Many vessels were driven into Milwaukee and other harbors.

—There appears to be some difficulty in the way of electing a United States senator in Minnesota. The election was suspended when the miners from that city to the Park Pavilion. It will be 22 feet long, 12 feet diameter at the brach, and will weigh 50 tons.

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who paid him a visit were composed principally of the officers of the late Fenian headquarters in Union City. The principal among them was General Stephens, who has positively refused to give the press the financial report of the committee whom he appointed to receive the books of McDonnell and Co. Some of the items found in the books are of extraordinary character. Numerous items entered as "scraps, involving large amounts of money, appear to have been paid for sending spes to the Roberts part.

—General Beauregard took a walk in the Cliffs of Moher, and while there, he and his wife, and son, went to the top of the cliff, and sat down to rest. They were soon joined by a party of soldiers, who had been sent to guard the fortifications.

—General Beauregard arrived here yesterday morning, and took room at the Hotel Barnard, on the corner of Main and Market streets. He is to remain here until the 25th instant, and is to be present at the trials of the rebels.

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THE CITY.

GEN. SHERMAN'S VISIT TO ST. PAUL.

A Meeting to be held at the Capitol This Morning at 10 o'clock.

A meeting will be held at the Governor's Room at the Capitol, this morning, at ten o'clock, to take action in regard to honoring Gen. Sherman. Citizens generally, and ex-Army officers particularly, are invited to attend.

It is proposed to make General Sherman's visit the occasion of a function of some who have served under him, and also all others who served during the late war.

A ROMAN CATHOLIC PAGEANT.

Solemn Ceremonies upon the Laying of the Corner Stone of a New Church.

An immense Procession, Pompous Display, and Imposing Rites.

There was a general congregration of the Catholic portion of this community on Sunday last, to participate in the solemn ceremony attending the foundation of a new church edifice, which had been projected three years back, and was completed, yesterday.

The ceremony, which began when the Bishop was installed, was over when the Mass was said.

It was decided, however, that the body of Mr. H. Snyder, of St. Anthony, who mysteriously disappeared from Faribault & Co.'s mill, near the time of the 5th last, and who was supposed to have been drowned. The event, however, seemed to be conclusive, and it was decided that when Snyder was missed, his last was in his boat, in an unoccupied place in the mill, while the corpse found Sunay was a corpse.

The body was taken in charge of the police, and was laid out in the mortuary.

The Theatres.—Last evening, the greatest theatrical troupe at the Athenaeum, consisting of three companies, in the afternoon, shortly after which the procession was organized, and preceded by the Great Western Fire Band, started on its march to the lake, in the Fifth ward, where the building is to be erected. A large portion of the procession, including the processions were children, and their parents, who had taken their first communion, and several hundred men who had, in that day, undergone the ceremony of confirmation.

The little girls, dressed all in white, and moving in a very orderly manner, made a striking appearance, which was heightened by hearing them sing, in their clear voices, the hymns to the accompaniment of a number of young ladies, similarly dressed, and also singing, likewise, the hymns of the procession. The boys, who had that day received the rites of communion, were conducted in a procession, the members of which marched, in the order of their different parts of the long column, which was only a mile in length, were the various sections of the Roman Catholic Church, each wearing the distinctive badge of their order, with banners, crucifixes, and other devices. The clergy were prominent through the procession, and, in the rear, the members of the church, who had marched, preceded by their minister, who was, bare-headed, and hand-some, dressed in red, and purple, and white. The Sisters were also placed in various positions in the procession. Men and women, old and young, however, composed the great proportion of the throng, which was followed by Dr. G. F. Lamprey, and one or two others in a carriage, together with a number of others in foot.

Arrived upon the grounds where the principal ceremonies were to be performed—the location of the new church, which had been broken and a portion of the original building removed, the Bishop, who was performing the ceremony, was a man in his sixties, and was dressed in a clerical vestment, and a white cassock, and a black cloak, and a white mitre, and a gold ring on his finger, and a gold chain around his neck.

The case of Patrick McNeely, Esq., was decided yesterday in favor of plaintiff, who was awarded \$125 damages. The case of Wm. H. Darrow, Jr., for \$1,000, was dismissed, and the defendant, Lamprey for defendant.

The case of N. B. Harwood, vs. D. A. Robertson, a suit of replevin, is on trial. Mrs. Robertson, plaintiff, and Mrs. Allis, defendant.

Personal.—T. Ewing Miller, Esq., formerly of St. Paul, but lately of Columbus, Ohio, has returned to this city, to spend the summer.—J. M. Armstrong, Esq., of Columbus, Ohio, has returned to St. Paul, with his family, and will probably make his home in our midst.

Worsted.—Joseph Ullman was induced to appear in court, in a fifty-third condition. He wouldn't trust his lawyer, he got the jury, and with the jury he got a fine sum of twenty dollars and costs. So much for that. Mr. Ullman denies the right of the court to make laws to interfere with his business, and, therefore, before asking for the bill on the other side, to the wall. The round has been fought—Ullman wins. The second round will perhaps come off to-day.

The Circus, will be remembered, opens today, on the lot adjoining the International Hotel. The Imperial Circus is a first class institution, and deserves a liberal patronage.

Attention Who?—Greeves—Save your wool, to work it up at home, we take pleasure in calling attention, again, to the advertisement of the Lamb Knitting Machine, on the seventh page. As an economical fiber, it is well known, that the spinning of the wool of the farmer raises man, with only a little labor, to make produce from his own two hands. It is the chief article of manufacture, too numerous to mention. Also, the price of the machine is reasonable, and how to operate it is easily learned. The candles were lit, the Bishop, the most eminent among the priests, and, while others of the priesthood also clothed themselves with chaste and modest robes, the clerics, who had been created, and a portion of the congregation, followed the Bishop, who was decorated and robed in Eastern magnificence, and more than once, in the course of the service, the pattern of a shore-dress, and a skirt of white, was seen.

The Terrible Tomato in the Minn. Statehouse.—The Terrible Tomato, first doorease the Bridge.

MINNEAPOLIS, VENUE.—For views of Minnesota, see to Meelin's Art Gallery, at Cincinnati's new Dry Goods Store, and also of "Ladie's" and Misses Silk and Cloth Bagges and Sacks; Bradley's celebrated Dandy Skirts, and a complete assortment of Dandy Goods and Fancy Goods.

MYSTERY.—T. J. O'CONNOR, myself, Thirdst, first doorease the Bridge.

DANFORTH'S LAST OR NEW BOOKS.—"Country Life & City Pictures," "St. Martin's Eve," by Mrs. Wood.

"Hood's Tales and Romances," "Story of Romeo," by Bayard Taylor.

"Simplicity and Facilitation," "Nobie Life," by the author of John Hall's

"Broken to Horses."

"Fifer Hanes," by Mayne Reid.

"Fortune Hunter," by Mrs. Southworth.

"Whistled Detection," by the author of Coit's Folly.

"The Devil's Trap," by Frederic Whiting.

"The Devil's Trap," by Victor Hugo.

"Wives and Daughters," by Mrs. Gaskell.

"Hood's Tales and Romances," "Story of Romeo," by Bayard Taylor.

Together with many standard and miscellaneous works too numerous to mention. Also, "Dandy Goods," and a complete collection of Dandy Goods and Fancy Goods.

"Dandy Goods," and a skirt of white, was seen.

No heavy expenses to make up.

Bracek & Kett, Proprietors.

The large stock of dry goods and carpets bought by Davis Brothers is still alive.

Splendid dress goods from such well-known houses as silk, crepe, lace, &c.

Ladies' clothing, silk or cotton for coats, hats and caps can be had out of stock, and made to order in the latest fashions.

Minnepolis, May 1866.

Atmosphere, comes full of the odors of

the seasons, and other odors, which are usually present remedies have proved.

MYSTERY.—Free Lunch and Good Music at the Paul's Assort. Room, corner of Third and Franklin streets, on Wednesday and Saturday evenings.

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Large Sale of Fine Furniture.—It will be seen, by reference to our advertising columns, that Fairchild & Co. sell at auction, on the second day of June, all the household goods of Mr. Wm. H. Marshall.

This is one of the largest and finest sales ever held in the city.

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IMPORTANT TO ADVERTISERS.
The Daily Press has a larger City circulation than any other journal, and outside the city has three times the circulation of any other journal.

(OFFICIAL CERTIFICATE.)
Post Office, St. Paul, Minn., May 1.
Publisher of the St. Paul Daily Press,
Oswald C. Thompson, respectfully
reports that the Post Office Department, requiring
that in the newspapers having daily editions
an average of 10,000 copies, shall be delivered
a certificate of the salt tax, for that office is hereby
granted to the St. Paul Daily Press.

J. H. SWANSON, Postmaster.

Advertisement, excepts of the Professor
Chase for 1865, as returned on oath
April 10, 1866, to the Post Office:
Press \$8,240.49
Pioneer 3,065.93
Excess of PAPER 4,907.94

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

On and after May 1st, 1866, the rates of advertising in the various papers will be as follows: For three months, one dollar per page, for the first insertion; and thereafter, one dollar, one-half dollar, and one-quarter dollar respectively for each additional insertion. For each monthly paper \$1.00
For twelve months, one dollar 30.00
Each additional insertion 15.00
For six months, one-half dollar, and one-quarter dollar respectively for each additional insertion. Advertising will be charged double price. The above rates will be strictly adhered to in all cases.

PRESS PRINTING CO.

THE RESERVOIR AND THE OUTLET.

There is probably but one avenue through which the commerce of Minnesota can most easily escape from the oppressive combination of transportation interests which now control all the routes of East and West transit; and that avenue is by the railroad now in course of construction between St. Paul and Lake Superior.

It is true that the Mississippi furnishes a magnificent navigable highway, 2,000 miles in length, from St. Paul to the Gulf, and that our wheat may reach New York or Liverpool all the way by water, with but one transhipment by a floating elevator, at New Orleans; and, though we by no means underrate the advantages of this great outlet to the sea, the distance and the time consumed in the voyage by this circuitous route are so great that they will always form great objections to it as an outlet for products which seek the eager and fluctuating markets of the seaboard. And to these permanent objectives must be added the general prejudice against a tropical transit for grain, the multiplying of bridges across the Mississippi, which are especially felt as an obstruction to the transportation of grain in bulk barges, and the natural impediment to navigation in low water. If this were the case, the railroads through which our commerce could avoid the oppressive exactions of the Wisconsin monopoly, it would eventually go that way in spite of its disadvantages. But the Lake Superior route offers a short cut to the seaboard, which possesses as an outlet for the trade of Minnesota over all other channels that, when once opened, it is safe to say the products of nine-tenths of Minnesota will seek this outlet to the seaboard.

It is a commanding fact; and one which is destined to exercise an immense influence over the future direction of the Northwest. It commences at Duluth, the western extremity of Lake Superior, in Minnesota, and follows the same distance as the Chicago at the head of Lake Michigan. And what is of greater importance as we have already noted, nine-tenths of the surface of Minnesota, all of it indeed, except its extreme south-eastern corner, lies much nearer to Lake Superior than to Lake Michigan.

The mean saving of distance from the inhabited portions of Minnesota is over 200 miles. The following table, which we have compiled from notes kindly furnished us by Mr. A. J. Hill, shows the comparative distances of St. Paul and prominent points in Southern Minnesota on this and the Wisc's routes:

St. Paul to Chicago Miles
Via Milwaukee and Winona & St. Peter R. R. 415
Via St. Paul and Peter R. R. 415

Via Lake Superior & Mississippi R.R. 140

Distance saved 275 miles in one case and 221 in the other.

Mandato to Chicago Miles

Via Milwaukee and Peter R. R. 490

Mandato to St. Paul 360

Via Minnesota Valley and Lake Superior 222

Distance saved 208

Faribault to Chicago Miles

Via Mandato and Peter R. R. 490

Mandato to St. Paul 360

Via Minnesota Valley and Lake Superior 222

Distance saved 231

Of the 8,100 square miles which Minnesota embraces in its area, reckoning along rail routes, less than 900 square miles, or one hundredth part, is nearer to Chicago than to Duluth. Wisconsin, in fact, equidistant between Lake Superior and Lake Michigan, and about near Lake Superior and Rochester, nine-tenths of the crop grown in the present area of agricultural production can be sent to Lake Superior more cheaply than to Lake Michigan, and other words nine-tenths of the present area of agricultural production in Minnesota and ninety-nine hundredths of the whole state are tributary to Lake Superior.

Given a railroad from St. Paul to the head of Lake Superior, and nearly the whole wheat crop of Minnesota would irresistibly gravitate to St. Paul and Lake Superior. The main and branch lines of the St. Paul & Pacific would bring either the crops of the Upper Mississippi, including the immense breadth of country back to the Red River Valley; the Minnesota Valley Railroad would pour into our elevators the wheat crops of the magnificient region which it penetrates; the Minnesota Central would empty the vast product of Southern Minnesota as far down, at least, as Owatonna, into the same reservoir, and the Winona division of the St. Paul & Pacific would drain the warehouses of Hastings, Red Wing, Lake City, Redwood, and Wabasha to pour their golden contents into the same cornucopia. With the construction of the Lake Superior & Mississippi Railroad, St. Paul will unquestionably be the great central grain market of Minnesota, where all these converging streams would unite for selection, assentment and sale. In stead of paying tribute to Milwaukee or Chicago, the grain dealers of Minnesota will transact their business at St. Paul.

THE SAINT PAUL DAILY PRESS.

Historical Society

VOLUME VI.

Lake Vermilion Ores.

Scientific Analysis of their Value.

Report of Professor Chase, of Rhode Island.

MINNEAPOLIS, May 21.

Editor St. Paul Press:

In requesting you to give publicity to the following report for Prof. Geo. I. Chase, of Rhode Island, I desire to call your attention to a large number of specimens of maficite and pyroxene, which I have forwarded to you from the neighborhood of Lake Vermilion, and of the views formed by him of the probable value of that district for the precious metals. If the question therefore concerning a single vein, a mere specimen of which may be of little value, is of interest, it is proper that I should prefer it to the general characteristics. If these are of no particular value, I hope that the report of the twenty specimens taken out of the mine will be of interest to those who are engaged in profitable working. It is a common practice of the miners to extract gold in sufficient quantities to pay for their expenses, and the rate of two, three or even four ounces of gold per ton of ore.

Lower Cañon, Minn., May 21.

Fine and Handsome Horses

corner Fifth & Jackson sts.

Splendid Horses and Fine,

New Rolling Stock.

STEEES & NASH.

Take pleasure in announcing that their first class

LIVELY AND STABLE

is now completed, and is fitly stocked with a

first class stock.

FINEST AND HANDSOMEST HORSES

ever brought to St. Paul, or the State of Minn., with the exception of the

MATCH, and the best.

CARRIAGES AND BUGGIES.

are from the best manufacturers in the United

States, and cannot be surpassed for

STYLE BEAUTY AND FINISH.

All the appointments of this new stable are

of the most complete character, and such as are

now to be had in Europe.

LADIES' ACCOMMODATION AND PRICES

STERES & NASH.

Wimbish's Express,

Carriage and Furniture and every descrip-

tion of light Freight and Goods and

in the city, at the lowest rates.

Offices at Merrill's Block, 100 Third street,

and St. Paul's Grocery Store, Jackson street.

WANTED.

A situation in a Dry Goods or Grocery Store,

101 Third street, near the Bridge.

From and after May 1st, we shall offer for

RENT LEASE FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

Corner Fifth & Jackson streets, part of

the Match, and the best.

Rooms, offices, stores, etc., for rent.

100 feet on Third st., corner of Bishop st.

Large rooms, light, airy, well situated.

FOR SALE.

101 Third street, near the Bridge.

One excellent room, light, airy, well situated.

Rooms, offices, stores, etc., for rent.

100 feet on Third st., corner of Bishop st.

Large rooms, light, airy, well situated.

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SAINT PAUL, WEDNESDAY, MAY 28, 1866.

NUMBER 120.

New Advertisements.

NEW LIVERY STABLE

IN ST. PAUL,

CORNER FIFTH & JACKSON STS.

Splendid Horses and Fine,

New Rolling Stock.

STEEES & NASH.

Take pleasure in announcing that their first class

LIVELY AND STABLE

is now completed, and is fitly stocked with a

first class stock.

FINEST AND HANDSOMEST HORSES

ever brought to St. Paul, or the State of

MINN., with the exception of the

MATCH, and the best.

CARRIAGES AND BUGGIES.

are from the best manufacturers in the United

States, and cannot be surpassed for

STYLE BEAUTY AND FINISH.

The Saint Paul Press.

SAINT PAUL, MAY 23, 1866.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

On the James Atlantic Monthly.

The Dead Ship of Harschwell.

By JOHN C. WHITNEY.

What ticks the outer ear beyond
The sun-downer's golden trail?
The gossamer wings of the wind,
The green of slanting sunlight?

Let young eyes watch from Neck and Point,
And see what's afoot.

The ghost of what was once a ship
Is sailing up the bay.

From great sea fog, from icy drift,
The dead ship, like a ghostly light,

The hundred-barred Marne!

But now it's all quiet, and still—
And many a sail comes down.

When tall and white, the Dead Ship comes
Again; the dust of land is gone.

She drives the sea off day and night,
No ship can speed her on.

Off the coast of the Isle of Orr,
Who tells her date and name?

She's always at her freight yards

We hewed her oaken frame.

What many a downed sailor grieves
She's still the Queen of the ocean.

What makes her in the haunts of home
A wonder and a sight?

No ship can speed her on.

Upon them hove the dead!

The states from the land.

For never comes the ship to port,

However the breeze may blow,

As she nears the waving shore

She's still the Queen of the ocean.

Against the wind and night

Against the tempest and gale,

THE CITY.
THE MEETING AT THE CAPITOL.

Preparations for Welcoming
General Sherman to
Saint Paul.

The Committee of Reception and
Arrangements.

In pursuance of the notice published in the Daily Press of yesterday evening, a large meeting of citizens and ex-soldiers was assembled at the Governor's room in the Capitol at 10 o'clock, for the purpose of initiating measures to give a proper reception to General Sherman in this city.

The meeting was opened by Col. John R. Sargent, Adj't Gen., Col. J. S. Prince, Gen. of the Army, Col. Wm. R. Marshall, Col. G. W. Gilfillan, Secretary.

Gov. Marshall stated the object of the meeting to be the inauguration of measures to render a fitting welcome to Major General W. T. Sherman in this city.

On motion of Gen. John R. Sargent, a committee of reception and committee of arrangements were appointed.

The following gentlemen were therupon chosen class committees:

John E. Sawyer, Mayor John S. Lundquist, Col. J. S. Prince, Gen. of the Army, Col. G. W. Gilfillan, Secy.

Col. Wm. R. Marshall, Col. G. W. Gilfillan, Secy.

Commissioner of Arrangements.

Dr. J. H. Stewart, Col. M. M. Thompson, Col. J. C. Farnham, Col. J. C. Farnham, Capt. A. L. Powers, W. L. Walker, Capt. S. Y. McLean, Capt. W. H. Smith, Capt. Wm. L. Livingston, Capt. H. H. Western, Capt. Jones, A. H. Wilder, Capt. H. M. Shaw, Secy.

It was decided that the reception should consist of dinner to be given at the Merchant Hotel.

The Committee of reception will meet Gen. Sherman at Fort Snelling, and escort him to St. Paul.

MEETING OF THE COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS.

The Committee of arrangements adjourned to the Library room at the Capitol, and took steps to organize with a view of securing the utmost efficiency. The following sub-committees were then appointed for that purpose:

Finance—Gen. Averill, W. L. Wilson, Secy. Col. Gilligan, A. H. Wilder, Secy. Wm. Lee, Secy.

Entertainment—Gen. Averill, W. L. Wilson, Secy. Col. Gilligan, A. H. Wilder, Secy. Wm. Lee, Secy.

Logistics—Gen. Averill, W. L. Wilson, Secy. Col. Gilligan, A. H. Wilder, Secy. Wm. Lee, Secy.

Transportation—Gen. Averill, W. L. Wilson, Secy. Col. Gilligan, A. H. Wilder, Secy. Wm. Lee, Secy.

Postage—Gen. Averill, W. L. Wilson, Secy. Col. Gilligan, A. H. Wilder, Secy. Wm. Lee, Secy.

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SPECIAL MEETING OF THE CITY COUNCIL.

Message of Mayor Prince.

Presentation of Colors to the Steamer City of St. Paul.

The Reception of General Sherman.

Interesting Proceedings.

Council Meeting, May 22, 1865.

Called by Hon. J. S. Prince, Mayor, at the office of Ald. Murray, Putnam, and Gies.

On motion of Ald. Murray, Putnam, and Gies.

No. 18, 19th Street, between Franklin and Nicollet.

At 10 o'clock, the Council met.

At 10 o'clock, the Council adjourned.

<p

The Saint Paul Press.

SAINT PAUL, MAY 24, 1866.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

It is often we receive so thoughtful and excellent a paper as the "Saint Paul Press."

The breath of Man comes with you.

With bairns all brown and bare;

With hindring taus the soil is wet;

Those woods and meads mean green and

and soft in military style and the plan-

cast steel has a military cut. The dress has straps to it discounting:

CLOAKS.

Bespikes made of purple and white
are the most expensive cloaks, but
were formerly seen at some other
place—have been worn in Paris. Those
made of purple are decorated with black
braid and beads, arranged in graceful
curves, and the sleeves are made of
purple silk.

Those of white are not so
highly ornamented—gimp ornaments
are interspersed with the braiding pattern.

The basquine is the prevailing style of
cloak, not only in suit, but in the black silk.

There is a hesitancy with many about
cutting out a very costly fabric into the
shape fitting the body, which is not
worth the work that it is through lack
of taste.

Most of the basquines are before
the waist, and the sleeves are long and
wide.

For those less than six feet tall,
the waist is upon the left side.

I am sitting on the terrace brink,
With spade or hoe, in riven bank;

He looks—"Every this, if you can."

And in his eyes the smile, no doubt,

Is the bright, then the smile,

No, for I set him tasks to do;

And we all know my ground with grace.

He thinks, perhaps, the wife I sh.

Or that brown has much the best of it,

And ought to stamp the owner's stamp.

We do not know how far I see,

But the world is wide, and there is much;

And clearly see things that be;

As I looked the moments through,

He sees the sun go down,

And westward, as he travels on;

His countenance keeps equal pace;

He holds the scale, and weighs the soul;

And points for my Earth's secret spot;

Then points for my Earth's secret

THE CITY.

Issued this Morning.—The Weekly Saint Paul Press is issued this morning, and will be for sale at the counter. Containing valuable local and State matters, it is an excellent number for Eastern circulation, per volume five cents, with or without wrap-ups.

THE GEN. SHERMAN RECEPTION.

Meeting this Morning of the Committee of Arrangements.

The several subdivisions of the Committee of Arrangements for the reception of General Sherman, are requested to meet at the office of Col. Merriman at 10 o'clock, A.M., today. It is desirable that every member be present. JOHN T. AVIER, Chairman.

Wages too High—The wages of mechanics have recently increased so markedly, that a number of gentlemen engaged in extensive building enterprises are talking seriously of stopping work on their buildings, disengaging their hands and waiting till wages assume a reasonable standard. Wages and the price of labor are now so high, that no contractor of the general demand can easily afford to stand still, and while the work on several buildings in progress of construction in this city is to be suspended, a still larger number of building projects are to be postponed, till wages come down.

The City Hall Park—One of the few green oases to the citizens of St. Paul who have any love for the beautiful—the Capital Park—a waste place of ground—covered with weeds, stones, old bats in cans, rocks and the debris of falling back yards—all involved in the tertiary, dilapidated remains of a fence, as though as natural bushy hedge.

No better location for a small ornamental park can be found within many miles, as it is in the heart of the city, near all the business sections, and at a point where strangers are sure to see it when passing through the city.

It is some consolation to know that one of the Aldermen in this Ward has used his influence lately to see that some improvements are made to the park, and that, by steps now to be taken by every member of Council, we are about to make immediate improvements—and embellishments—will present many advantages from bustling when strangers pass a day yesterday—“What’s my my?”

A Treat for the Boys—After the performances had commenced at the Imperial Circus yesterday afternoon, a large number of persons who were minors the requisite time surrounded the pavilion and gazed and waited until the entrance to the covered exhibition hall was thrown open, and the young matador King Kinnane, and his ladies, finally came out. The boys would have to wait a long time, but they were patient, and at a point where strangers are sure to see it when passing through the city.

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FRIENDLY LUNCH AND GOOD MUSIC—At the St. Paul Assembly Room, corner of Third and Franklin streets, on Wednesday and Saturday evenings.

ATTENTION—Attention is called to the following:

IMPORTANT TO ADVERTISERS.
The Daily Press has a larger City circulation than any other journal, and outside the city has three times the circulation of any other journal.

OFFICIAL CERTIFICATE.
Post-Office, St. Paul, Minn.,
Publishers of the *St. Paul Daily Press*,
Gentlemen:—In compliance with the regulation of Post-Office, I certify that upon the publication of the "list of entitled for letter mail," in the *Advertiser*, dated "extraordinary circumstances," the *Advertiser* is entitled to the said list for its office, it is hereby certified that the said list for the office, is *extraordinary circumstances*.

J. H. STEWART, Postmaster.

Advertisement Receipts of the Present Number.
April 1st, 1866, as returned on Oath
of Postmaster, St. Paul.

Postage, \$8.240.19
Papers, 326.83

Excess of Presser's Premium, \$1.91.51

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

On and after May 1st, 1866, the rates of advertising in the *WEEKLY PRESS* will be as follows:—
For one insertion, one additional insertion, one dollar for the first space, and twenty cents for each additional space.

For two insertions, one space, 15 cents; two additional spaces, 30 cents.

For three insertions, one space, 10 cents.

For four insertions, one space, 8 cents.

For five insertions, one space, 7 cents.

For six insertions, one space, 6 cents.

For seven insertions, one space, 5 cents.

For eight insertions, one space, 4.5 cents.

For nine insertions, one space, 4 cents.

For ten insertions, one space, 3.5 cents.

For eleven insertions, one space, 3 cents.

For twelve insertions, one space, 2.5 cents.

For thirteen insertions, one space, 2.2 cents.

For fourteen insertions, one space, 2 cents.

For fifteen insertions, one space, 1.8 cents.

For sixteen insertions, one space, 1.6 cents.

For seventeen insertions, one space, 1.4 cents.

For eighteen insertions, one space, 1.2 cents.

For nineteen insertions, one space, 1 cent.

For twenty insertions, one space, 85 cents.

For twenty-one insertions, one space, 75 cents.

For twenty-two insertions, one space, 65 cents.

For twenty-three insertions, one space, 55 cents.

For twenty-four insertions, one space, 45 cents.

For twenty-five insertions, one space, 35 cents.

For twenty-six insertions, one space, 30 cents.

For twenty-seven insertions, one space, 25 cents.

For twenty-eight insertions, one space, 20 cents.

For twenty-nine insertions, one space, 18 cents.

For thirty insertions, one space, 16 cents.

For thirty-one insertions, one space, 14 cents.

For thirty-two insertions, one space, 12 cents.

For thirty-three insertions, one space, 10 cents.

For thirty-four insertions, one space, 8 cents.

For thirty-five insertions, one space, 6 cents.

For thirty-six insertions, one space, 5 cents.

For thirty-seven insertions, one space, 4.5 cents.

For thirty-eight insertions, one space, 4 cents.

For thirty-nine insertions, one space, 3.5 cents.

For forty insertions, one space, 3 cents.

For forty-one insertions, one space, 2.5 cents.

For forty-two insertions, one space, 2 cents.

For forty-three insertions, one space, 1.8 cents.

For forty-four insertions, one space, 1.6 cents.

For forty-five insertions, one space, 1.4 cents.

For forty-six insertions, one space, 1.2 cents.

For forty-seven insertions, one space, 1 cent.

For forty-eight insertions, one space, 85 cents.

For forty-nine insertions, one space, 75 cents.

For fifty insertions, one space, 65 cents.

For fifty-one insertions, one space, 55 cents.

For fifty-two insertions, one space, 45 cents.

For fifty-three insertions, one space, 35 cents.

For fifty-four insertions, one space, 30 cents.

For fifty-five insertions, one space, 25 cents.

For fifty-six insertions, one space, 20 cents.

For fifty-seven insertions, one space, 18 cents.

For fifty-eight insertions, one space, 16 cents.

For fifty-nine insertions, one space, 14 cents.

For六十 insertions, one space, 12 cents.

For sixty-one insertions, one space, 10 cents.

For sixty-two insertions, one space, 8 cents.

For sixty-three insertions, one space, 6 cents.

For sixty-four insertions, one space, 5 cents.

For sixty-five insertions, one space, 4.5 cents.

For sixty-six insertions, one space, 4 cents.

For sixty-seven insertions, one space, 3.5 cents.

For sixty-eight insertions, one space, 3 cents.

For sixty-nine insertions, one space, 2.5 cents.

For七十 insertions, one space, 2 cents.

For seventy-one insertions, one space, 1.8 cents.

For seventy-two insertions, one space, 1.6 cents.

For seventy-three insertions, one space, 1.4 cents.

For seventy-four insertions, one space, 1.2 cents.

For seventy-five insertions, one space, 1 cent.

For seventy-six insertions, one space, 85 cents.

For seventy-seven insertions, one space, 75 cents.

For seventy-eight insertions, one space, 65 cents.

For seventy-nine insertions, one space, 55 cents.

For eighty insertions, one space, 45 cents.

For eighty-one insertions, one space, 35 cents.

For eighty-two insertions, one space, 30 cents.

For eighty-three insertions, one space, 25 cents.

For eighty-four insertions, one space, 20 cents.

For eighty-five insertions, one space, 18 cents.

For eighty-six insertions, one space, 16 cents.

For eighty-seven insertions, one space, 14 cents.

For eighty-eight insertions, one space, 12 cents.

For eighty-nine insertions, one space, 10 cents.

For ninety insertions, one space, 8 cents.

For ninety-one insertions, one space, 6 cents.

For ninety-two insertions, one space, 5 cents.

For ninety-three insertions, one space, 4.5 cents.

For ninety-four insertions, one space, 4 cents.

For ninety-five insertions, one space, 3.5 cents.

For ninety-six insertions, one space, 3 cents.

For ninety-seven insertions, one space, 2.5 cents.

For ninety-eight insertions, one space, 2 cents.

For ninety-nine insertions, one space, 1.8 cents.

For一百 insertions, one space, 1.6 cents.

For一百一 insertions, one space, 1.4 cents.

For一百二 insertions, one space, 1.2 cents.

For一百三 insertions, one space, 1 cent.

For一百四 insertions, one space, 85 cents.

For一百五 insertions, one space, 75 cents.

For一百六 insertions, one space, 65 cents.

For一百七 insertions, one space, 55 cents.

For一百八 insertions, one space, 45 cents.

For一百九 insertions, one space, 35 cents.

For一百十 insertions, one space, 30 cents.

For一百十一 insertions, one space, 25 cents.

For一百十二 insertions, one space, 20 cents.

For一百十三 insertions, one space, 18 cents.

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For一百十九 insertions, one space, 6 cents.

For一百二十 insertions, one space, 5 cents.

For一百二十一 insertions, one space, 4.5 cents.

For一百二十二 insertions, one space, 4 cents.

For一百二十三 insertions, one space, 3.5 cents.

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For一百四十八 insertions, one space, 5 cents.

For一百四十九 insertions, one space, 4.5 cents.

For一百五十 insertions, one space, 4 cents.

For一百五十一 insertions, one space, 3.5 cents.

For一百五十二 insertions, one space, 3 cents.

For一百五十三 insertions, one space, 2.5 cents.

SAINT PAUL, MAY 27, 1866.

IMPORTANT TO ADVERTISERS.

The Daily Press has a larger City circulation than any other journal, and outside the city has 100 times the circulation of any other journal.

(OFFICIAL CERTIFICATE.)

POST OFFICE, ST. PAUL, MINN.,
February 12, 1866.

Publisher of the St. Paul Daily Press,
CERTIFIES.—In compliance with the regulations of the Post Office Department, requiring the publication of the name of the printer, the following is given: The newspaper having the title "THE SAINT PAUL DAILY PRESS," and published at St. Paul, Minnesota, within the past six days, the publisher is J. H. STEWART, Printer.

Advertising Receipts of the Press
for May 20, 1866.—
Total \$240.19
Postage, 10c.
Litho. 10c.
Excess of Cash over Postage, 7c.

TELEGRAPHIC ALMANAC.—
The paper is open at \$1 30 and closed at \$1 50. Subscriptions were expired.

—Orders have been received from Fortress Meade to get their men home, the freedom of the Fort during the day. Messrs. Shee and O'Connor have obtained private interviews with him at any time.

—Senator Wright of New Jersey died in Washington on Wednesday morning.

—From Wednesday we learn that the present financial situation is the suppression of books and newspapers, and all conversation other than that of business by telegraphers in cigar and other manufactures. This high handed measure is increasing disengagement among the people, and to get with other tympies, is likely to bring on recession.

—Eighty-seven years of arms were served at Erie, Pennsylvania, last week, belonging to the Roman Senate, and shipped to the Head Quarters of the War. The two Pontiffs who had remained at Aspern disappeared with some of their hosts while were attached to the Army. The Emperor had been sent to the Collector at Rous's Point, N.Y. Some 1,700 miles last week, which sugg'd could have been intended for the am'g of the Poles.

—General Howard, the Commissioner of the Freedmen's Bureau, has issued a circular for doing investments in the planing interests with citizens by officers or agents of the Bureau.

—It is reported that Spain is making active preparations for the conduct of the European war. Her Mediterranean operations are being reinforced. The mediation of the United States, it is thought, between Spain and her enemies in the Pacific, would be very agreeable to the cabinet of the Bureau.

—A majority of the Senate Committee on the Pacific Coast voted to be in favor of extending the district by a commission, and doing away with the elections of mayor and aldermen.

CONGRESS.—Saturday.—The Senate was in session.

The House was principally engaged in the discussion of the tax bill.

MATERIAL SPEECHES.—
In place of our usual Sunday message, we print on our second page several remarkable speeches recently delivered by the President and the principal members of the Cabinet. The first in order is the speech delivered at Auburn by Mr. Seward on Tuesday last, and which is pervaded by the cheerful optimism for which that philosophic statesman is so justly distinguished, and which may be briefly epitomized in the words of the song: "Everything is lovely and the goose hangs high."

Mr. Seward's speech is a very ingenious, though not a very convincing, defense of the President's policy, which he apparently assumes the paternity. This policy, he declares, is founded upon the theory that what the nation needs, and all it needs, is "conciliation," and by consequence, it is the duty of the Government to concede to the South what it may demand as a task of conciliation.

An idea has been current among the people that something must be needed to sustain the new government out of a rebellion, and that they something, was was secured; that is, to sustain the cause above all else beyond all to be secured against the recurrence of rebellion by the removal as far as possible of its political and social causes; that this is in fact an indispensable condition of a complete and lasting coalition, and we are in that view of these.

On Wednesday night the Johnson club scattered the members of the cabinet at Washington with a view to elect from them a gentleman a full definition of their position upon "any policy." Mr. McCulloch of course responded by a full and emphatic endorsement of the President; and as he has been incensed with the views of his belief, indulged in a coarse offensive attack upon the General, which he might better have omitted.

On Thursday night the Johnson club scattered the members of the cabinet at Washington with a view to elect from them a gentleman a full definition of their position upon "any policy." Mr. McCulloch of course responded by a full and emphatic endorsement of the President; and as he has been incensed with the views of his belief, indulged in a coarse offensive attack upon the General, which he might better have omitted.

He is very careful to state, I really just what he does not believe in the President's policy, and in that of Congress. In the first place he does not approve the President's veto of the Freedmen's Bureau Bill. In the second place, he was and is in favor of the policy of the Civil Rights Bill, and internally against the veto of that measure.

In the third place his only objection to the constitutional amendment proposed by the Committee of Fifteen as the basis of its reconstruction policy is to the Third Section; and in this respect he agrees with the majority of the Republican party in and out of Congress. He is opposed to the amendment as it stands, with the third section, and he has to be inferred that it is in favor of it with that section. That is precisely the position of this journal, and it is the position, we doubt not, of three-fourths of the Republican party. It will pollute the Johnstones to find Mr. Stanton's answer any function for the assumption that he has deserted the Republican party. Upon one question—that of suffrage—the Professors have agreed to the practicability of carrying out, and his remarks upon this had ample weight to this, that while he believes that justice and good policy require the extension of suffrage, the implausible opposition of the President has made it impossible to carry this policy into effect for the present, and that this is the view of Congress is proved by the fact that it has omitted any provision for the direct extension of suffrage from the scheme now before that body.

The Wages Question.

The New York Tribune, on the eight hours and wages question, says:

We do not think it practicable to obtain a bill for the eight hours, but we will endeavor to make it a law, and we expect to make eight hours the general day's work; for some must stand idle during the day, and others will be compelled to work overtime.

For legislation for eight hours, and to tax and regulate the same, we will propose to the Legislature, for consideration, the necessary acts.

General Orders No. 1, C. S., from the commandant of the U.S. Marine Corps, dated April 20, 1866, to Gen. J. G. Foster, Brig. Gen. and A. G.

The President's Household.

A bill passed by the House authorizes the President, in addition to the present officers of his household, to employ

A Private Secretary at a salary of \$1,000; Assistant Secretary, \$800; Steward, \$2,000; Cooks, \$1,800 each; \$7,200.

Total, \$16,000.

Mr. Seward moved to amend a bill to \$15,000 a year. This, however, was withdrawn, and the bill went through, 80 to 28.

A Washington correspondent of the New York Times says:

Upon motion of Mr. Garfield the title of the "President's Household" was changed to "President's Household." The word "Household" was inserted. An amendment giving the word "household" an additional meaning, to make eight hours the general day's work; for some must stand idle during the day, and others will be compelled to work overtime.

For legislation for eight hours, and to tax and regulate the same, we will propose to the Legislature, for consideration, the necessary acts.

An Artificial Water Spout.

The Boston Commercial, May 19,

we understand that the ship St. Joseph, recently escaped from the Barbary pirates, has a narrow escape on the passage. It was reported to us, that among the 100 crew, there were 100 "seamen" which was placed on deck, with implements for getting water, or for getting up a fire, if necessary.

This has been a great trial to the crew, and the salaries are scarcely up to the standard required to meet the necessary expenses.

Considerable feeling was created at Nilwicks on the 23d, by the receipt of telegraphic advice announcing the removal of a number of prominent Federal officials, and the appointment of supporters of "my policy" in their places. Postmaster General was appointed to the office of Postmaster, and his remarks upon this had ample weight to this, that while he believes that justice and good policy require the extension of suffrage, the implausible opposition of the President has made it impossible to carry this policy into effect for the present, and that this is the view of Congress is proved by the fact that it has omitted any provision for the direct extension of suffrage from the scheme now before that body.

THE SAINT PAUL DAILY PRESS.

SAINT PAUL, SUNDAY, MAY 27, 1866.

VOLUME VI.

THE CAUSE OF THE FINANCIAL PANIC IN EUROPE.

Among the latest European advices is the following Jacomine telegram:

"The following is the text of Napoleon's recent speech to the corps of engineers, requiring the publication of the following statement in the newspapers having the *Journal des Débats* as their organ, within the next four days:—"

"I have pleasure that the memory of the First Empire has not been erased from the threatened outbreak of a general European war, and especially the recent financial panic, would be likely to cause the failure of the negotiations which are now being prosecuted in the markets of Europe, by Messrs. Wm. J. Baumer and Edmund Rice, for money to construct the two important Railroads represented by them. But the general belief now is that the result of a general war on the other side of the Atlantic would have an effect precisely opposite to that at first apprehended."

The Chicago Tribune takes this view of the effect of the threatened war upon America:—

"Evidently it would benefit us by sending our gold here to buy up our National and other securities—thus bringing a large sum of money to us, and a corresponding payment very speedily. It would also give us a market for our grain, ammunition, military clothing, canons, shells, and other naval vessels, and import a vast amount of foreign merchandise to Europe."

General Butler has been elected by the Massachusetts Senate to be Major General of the State militia, under the organization of Wm. S. Lovell.

—Wilkies Spirit records the sale of another flying trotter, a Massachusetts boy named Ethan Allen, from Pochontas.

The price paid was \$20,000, and he was to make 200 miles in 2m. 23s., and then return to Boston.

The Grand Lodge of Good Templars of North America is in session at Boston, the Hon. D. S. Hastings of Wisconsin presiding. Representatives are present from most of the Northern and Western States, and from the Canada.

A Fire at Cincinnati, on the morning of the 23d, destroyed the stationery of the Indianapolis railroad, together with the office of the *Commercial Appeal*.

The total loss is estimated at \$10,000.

—L. L. Barrett, a prominent citizen of St. Louis accidentally shot himself on the 19th.

The following is the account of the general removal of the French army from the Rhine:

"The Grand Duke of Baden has ordered

the removal of all French troops from the Rhine."

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THE EFFECT OF WAR.

HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

STATE NEWS ITEMS.

BOARDING.

CAMPBELL.

CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES.

CHILDREN'S.

CLOTHING.

